



EuroSITES

# European Ocean Observatory Network



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NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

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## Concept and Objectives

EuroSITES is a 3 year (2008-2011) FP7 EU Collaborative Project coordinated by NERC-NOCS which will bring about a major advance in the way the European community monitors the ocean interior, seafloor and sub-seafloor. EuroSITES has two main objectives:

- To integrate and enhance the 9 existing deep (>1000 m) ocean observatories both regionally and vertically into a coherent and mutually supportive European network
- To perform specific science missions at selected sites that will, in the future, form the basis for sustained monitoring of key environmental features.

EuroSITES will focus on best practice, common data management and effective communication to scientists, industry, policy makers and the general public. Close interaction and collaboration with relevant European and International initiatives including ESONET (FP6 NoE), EMSO PP (FP7) and the North American NSF funded Ocean Observatories Initiative (OOI) are fundamental to the success of EuroSITES.



EuroSITES observatories (blue), 2 associated cabled seafloor sites (green).

## Beyond-state-of-the-art

The EuroSITES network will bring about a major advance in the way the European community monitors the ocean interior and sub/seafloor beneath. The observing capability in the ocean interior will firstly be upgraded at specific sites to reach a common standard (e.g. left). EuroSITES will carry out

**Multidisciplinary science missions** at selected sites (map above). EuroSITES will support the research and development of innovative ocean observation technology to demonstrate sustained autonomous observations of key climatic features with direct societal relevance:

**Water column:** deep ocean oxygen consumption, mesozooplankton and pH.

**Seafloor:** High accuracy pressure for tsunami detection (see right), pore water pressure monitoring and slope stability, abyssal seafloor megafauna monitoring as indicators of climate change.

## Impact

**International Impact:** An integral component of EuroSITES is the Oversight Committee. This international advisory panel of ocean observation scientists and key end users (data managers and policy makers) of time-series data will create a road map ensuring the impact of EuroSITES is large and extends beyond the project end (2011). Members include the EuroGOOS director, Dr. Hans Dahlin, representatives of the NSF funded Ocean Observatories Initiative (OOI) and ISDR team member Dr. Uli Wolf (IOC of UNESCO, Paris). This committee will also facilitate cross-fertilisation with relevant initiatives and existing standards and protocols. EuroSITES is a registered component of the Group on Earth Observations (GEO) and will contribute to GEO Task CL-06-06 'Global Ocean Observation System' led by GOOS (2007-2009 GEO WP).

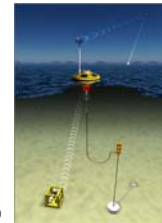
**European Impact:** EuroSITES forms the European component of the OceanSITES network of deep ocean observatories [www.oceansites.org](http://www.oceansites.org). EuroSITES will work with other relevant European projects including MERSEA, ESONET, EMSO PP, HERMES, HERMIONE and EuroGOOS to contribute to the sub-sea component of Kopernicus (GMES).

## Tsunami detection

An autonomous deep sea platform for tsunami detection will be installed in October-November 2008 at the Poseidon-Pylos site: SE Ionian Sea (see maps above and below).



Above: POSEIDON Tsunami module location  
Right: Tsunami module (DART, Pacific System)



A high accuracy pressure sensor (sampling 1min, accuracy 1mm) will be deployed at a depth of ~2000m (6-12 month autonomous deployment). This will upgrade the existing full-depth mooring (deployed February 2007) to provide advanced warning of tsunamis. An acoustic link (and Imarsat-C, GSM telemetry) will send near real-time data to the surface buoy and shore stations. This work contributes to EuroSITES WP4 WP4; Task 4.2 forming part of the Greek national-funded POSEIDON-II project which contributes to the Greek National Buoy System. Future regional plans include linking EuroSITES E1-M3A (map above) with submarine cable technology (linking with the ESONET project).

## Data management

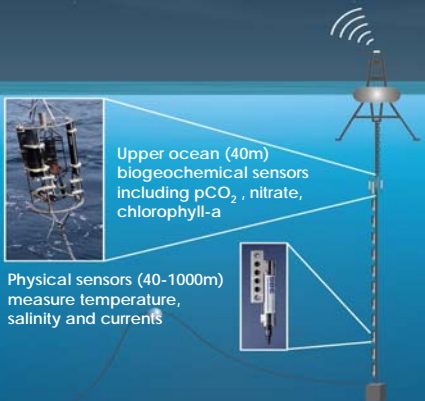
EuroSITES aims to create an integrated network of deep ocean observatories with:

- a common data policy
- convergence of standards (data and metadata)
- quality control
- improved sensor/data accuracy
- interoperability

EuroSITES will work in close collaboration with existing initiatives and projects including OceanSITES, the INSPIRE directive, MyOcean SeaDataNet and ESONET.

An example of EuroSITES deep ocean multidisciplinary observatory infrastructure.

*In situ* measurements are taken autonomously from the sea surface to the seafloor. Data are then transmitted via satellite to shore-stations.



Upper ocean (40m) biogeochemical sensors including pCO<sub>2</sub>, nitrate, chlorophyll-a

Physical sensors (40-1000m) measure temperature, salinity and currents

Deep Sediment traps measure particle flux of Carbon rich organic matter from the sea surface to the seafloor



Associated benthic studies (see seafloor science mission)



EuroSITES is coordinated by NERC-NOCS and comprises 13 partner institutes, a total of 7 EU countries and an International Co-operation Partner Country (ICPC); Cape Verde.

Partner institutes: 1. NERC-NOCS; 2. UiB; 3. HCMR; 4. OGS; 5. CNR-ISSIA; 6. IFM-GEOMAR;

7. UNIABN; 8. CNRS; 9. IFREMER; 10. Océanopolis; 11. ICCM; 12. INDP; 13. ULPGC

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